For the year ended June 30, 2022 Independent Auditors' Report

Table of Contents

I. INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	3
II. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	6
III. BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Fund	16
Statement of Net Position – Capital Projects Fund  Statement of Activities and Change in Net Position – Capital Projects Fund	
Notes to the Financial Statements	20
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Assets Using the Modified Approach	35



**Guiding Successful People** 

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS REPORT

Board of Directors The Mattabassett District Cromwell, Connecticut

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and business-type activities of The Mattabassett District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the net position of the governmental activities and business-type activities of the District, as of June 30, 2022, and the changes in net position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis beginning on page 6, assets using the modified approach on page 34, budgetary comparison information beginning on page 35, and Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability on page 37 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Offerdahl Emerson & Company, LLC

Killingworth, Connecticut September 8, 2022



Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2022

As management of The Mattabassett District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the District exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$141,651,336.
- The District's total net position increased by \$3,402,612. This increase is attributable to the expansion of the facility for the nitrogen treatment upgrade and bond premium.
- The District's operating expenses in 2022 were \$152,373 more than 2021 predominately due to increased administration expenses of \$49,542 and maintenance expense of \$386,115 and utilities expenses of \$178,058 and decreased operating expenses of \$460,694.
- Operating revenues increased by \$588,033 predominately due to an increased assessment.
- The District paid \$3,961,662 and \$1,115,241 for principal and interest, respectively, on their Clean Water Fund loans..

#### OVERVIEW OF THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to The Mattabassett District's financial statements. The District's financial statements comprise two components: government-wide financial statements and the notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the financial statements themselves.

### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (see pages 13 and 14) are designed to be corporate-like in that all governmental and business-type activities are consolidated into columns which add to a total for the Primary Government. The focus of the Statement of Net Position (the "Unrestricted Net Position") is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the District and its governmental activities. This statement combines and consolidates the governmental fund's current financial resources (short-term spendable resources) with capital assets and long-term obligations. The Statement of Activities combines all of the District's revenues and expenses in a single statement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position (the District's assets plus deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources), is one way to measure the District's financial health or position and to see the direction the District is heading.

• Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2022

To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional factors such as changes in the
District's proprietary fund customer base and usage patterns, as well as the conditions of the District's
infrastructure assets.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities The governmental activities column consists of the District's general fund. District general fund activities are financed through the generation of investment income and from transfers from both the water and electric proprietary funds.
- Business-type activities The District has two business-type activities that consist of retail water and electric service.

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statement presentation more familiar. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major funds" – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending.

## The District has two types of funds:

- Governmental funds The governmental activities column consists of the District's capital projects fund. Capital projects fund activities are financed through the generation of investment income and from transfers from the proprietary fund. Capital projects fund expenditures consist of capital maintenance costs.
- *Proprietary funds* Services for which the District charges customers are reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way as in the government-wide statements. In fact, the District's *enterprise funds* (a type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

<u>Notes to the Financial Statements</u>. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indictor of the District's financial position. In the case of The Mattabassett District, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$141,651,336 at June 30, 2022.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, wastewater treatment facility and general plant, equipment, and vehicles); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to customer; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2022

## **Net Position**

	2022		2021	
Current Assets	\$	3,682,422	\$ 7,949,650	
Capital Assets		177,641,407	177,725,713	
Noncurrent Assets - Investments		11,876,725	 9,851,180	
Total Assets		193,200,554	195,526,543	
Deferred outflows of resources		1,039,505	2,172,149	
Current Liabilities		4,210,375	6,595,192	
Noncurrent Liabilities		46,483,848	 52,654,115	
Total Liabilities		50,694,223	59,249,307	
Deferred inflows of resources		1,894,500	200,661	
Net Position				
Invested in Capital Assets (net of related debt)		131,748,860	124,326,068	
Unrestricted Surplus/(Deficit)		9,902,476	 13,922,656	
Total Net Position	\$	141,651,336	\$ 138,248,724	

The District's net position increased by \$3,402,612 during the year ended June 30, 2022, the amount to which increases in revenues have exceeded increases in expenses.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2022

# **Changes in Net Position**

	2022		2021	
Operating Revenues:				
Assessments:				
Member Municipalities & Contractual Towns	\$	14,450,364	\$	13,757,302
Charges for Services:				
Septage/Liquids/Grease		153,975		192,578
Sludge Management		1,018,278		879,300
Other Revenues		155,399		209,573
Energy performance Repayment		300,000		300,000
Total Operating Revenues		16,078,016		15,338,753
Operating Expenses:				
Administration		1,294,676		1,245,134
Operating Expenses		4,160,552		4,621,248
Maintenance		3,774,276		3,236,931
Utilities		2,180,819		2,002,761
Depreciation		171,460		172,106
Total Operating Expenses	_	11,581,783		11,278,180
Operating Income	_	4,496,233		4,060,573
Nonoperating Revenue / (Expense):				
Interest Income		21,620		60,844
Bond Premium		-		3,545,437
Interest Expense	_	(1,115,241)	_	(1,333,965)
Net Non-Operating Revenue / (Expense)		(1,093,621)		2,272,316
Change in Net Position	_	3,402,612		6,332,889
Net Position. Beginning of year		138,248,724		131,915,835
Net Position. end of year	\$	141,651,336	\$	138,248,724

Operating revenues increased by \$739,263 during the year. The increase was the net effect of the following:

- Charges for services decreased \$105,029 in 2022.
- Other revenues decreased in 2022 due to lower nitrogen credit and other miscellaneous credits.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2022

• Total Operating expenses increased by \$152,373, due primarily to increased maintenance expense and utility expenses of \$386,115 and \$178,058 and as well as increases of administrative costs and others by \$49,542 and decreased operating expenses of \$460,696. The increase in maintenance expense is due to the decrease in the capitalization of maintenance costs

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets -The District's investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2022 amounts to \$177,641,407 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, wastewater treatment facility, equipment, and vehicles. The total increase in the District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was less than one percent.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation

	 2022	 2021
Land	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000
Waste Water Treatment Facility	176,669,459	176,669,459
Equipment	646,848	759,332
Vehicles	 225,100	 196,922
Total Capital Assets - Net of Depreciation	\$ 177,641,407	\$ 177,725,713

The District has adopted the modified approach (an alternative to depreciation) for the wastewater treatment facility. Under this approach, the District implements a program to maintain assets at a certain condition level and, therefore, is not required to record depreciation expense on these assets. Details on the assets being accounted for under the modified approach can be found in the Required Supplementary Information.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

- Inflationary trends in the region compare favorably to national indices.
- For fiscal years ending June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, payments of principal and interest on the Clean Water Fund Loans and Bond will be \$4,996,452 and \$4,915,869, respectively.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the year ended June 30, 2022

• The COVID-19 outbreak may impact future revenues and expenses due to less tax revenues generated from our communities served, lower investment returns and additional labor costs and materials due to shortages and inflation. In addition, savings on long term debt maybe realized through debt restructuring.

All of these factors were considered when the annual assessment rates for the 2022-2023 fiscal year were set.

## Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Executive Director, The Mattabassett District, 245 Main Street, Cromwell, CT 06416.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental	Business-	
	Activities	Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and equivalents	\$ -	\$ 1,370,301	\$ 1,370,301
Investments	64,209	593,657	657,866
Receivables	-	219,602	219,602
Inventory	-	1,434,653	1,434,653
Noncurrect investments	-	11,876,725	11,876,725
Capital assets			
Nondepreciable	-	100,000	100,000
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		177,541,407	177,541,407
Total Assets	\$ 64,209	\$ 193,136,345	\$ 193,200,554
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred charges related to pensions	\$ -	\$ 1,039,505	\$ 1,039,505
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ -	\$ 442,661	\$ 442,661
Deferred Revenue	-	-	-
Non-current liabilities			
Due within one year	-	3,767,714	3,767,714
Due in more than one year	<del>_</del>	46,483,848	46,483,848
Total Liabilities	\$ -	\$ 50,694,223	\$ 50,694,223
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred inflows related to net pension liability	\$ -	\$ 1,894,500	\$ 1,894,500
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NET POSITION			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ -	\$ 131,748,860	\$ 131,748,860
Unrestricted	64,209	9,838,267	9,902,476
Total Net Position	\$ 64,209	\$ 141,587,127	<u>\$ 141,651,336</u>

Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2022

# Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants	Total Governmental	Total Business-	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Type Activities	Total
Primary government							
Governmental activities							
Maintenance	\$ (872,773)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	<u>\$ (872,773)</u>	\$ -	\$ (872,773)
Total governmental activities	(872,773)				(872,773)		(872,773)
Business-Type activities							
Sewer usage	(11,824,253)	15,622,617				3,798,364	3,798,364
Total business-type activities	(11,824,253)	15,622,617				3,798,364	3,798,364
Total primary government	\$ (12,697,026)	\$ 15,622,617	\$ -	\$ -	(872,773)	3,798,364	2,925,591
	General Revenu	ies					
	Investment ea	· ·			1,388	20,234	21,622
	Other revenue				200,000	155,399	155,399
	Energy Perfor Transfers	mance Repayme	nt		300,000 571,544	(571,544)	300,000
		ral Revenues			872,932	(395,911)	477,021
	Total Gener	rai Revenues			812,932	(393,911)	477,021
	Change in 1	Net Position			159	3,402,453	3,402,612
	Net Position - B	eginning of Year	:		64,050	138,184,674	138,248,724
	Net Position	n - End of Year			\$ 64,209	\$ 141,587,127	\$ 141,651,336

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2022

ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,370,301
Investments	φ 1,570,301 593,657
Accounts Receivable, net of allowance \$5,000	219,602
Inventory	1,434,653
Total Current Assets	3,618,213
Capital Assets - Utility Plant, net	
Land	100,000
Waste Water Treatment Facility	176,669,459
Equipment, net	646,848
Vehicles, net	225,100
Total Capital Assets - Utility Plant, net	177,641,407
NON CURRENT ASSETS	
Investments	11,876,725
TOTAL ASSETS	193,136,345
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	1,039,505
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$ 194,175,850
LIABILITIES	
CURRENT LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 377,771
Accrued Payroll Liabilities	64,890
Accrued Compensated Absences, Current	91,052
Clean Water Fund Loan Payable, current portion	2,466,662
Bond Payable, current portion	1,210,000
NON CURRENTE A DE WING	4,210,375
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	261.200
Accrued Compensated Absences, non current	364,209
Clean Water Fund Loan Payable	26,715,884
Net Pension Liability Bond Payable	3,903,755 15,500,000
Bond Fayable	46,483,848
TOTAL LIABILITIES	50,694,223
	30,094,223
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	1,894,500
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	131,748,860
Unrestricted	9,838,267
TOTAL NET POSITION	141,587,127
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 194,175,850

Statement of Changes in Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Revenues:	
Assessments:	
Member Municipalities & Contractual Towns	\$ 14,450,364
Charges for Services:	
Septage/Liquids/Grease	153,975
Sludge Management	1,018,278
Other Revenues	155,399
Total Operating Revenues	15,778,016
Operating Expenses:	
Administration	1,294,676
Operating	4,160,554
Maintenance	2,901,503
Utilities	2,180,819
Depreciation	171,460
Total Operating Expenses	10,709,012
Operating Income	5,069,004
Nonoperating Revenue / (Expense)	
Transfers out	(571,544)
Interest Income	20,234
Bond premium	-
Interest Expense	(1,115,241)
Net Nonoperating Revenue / (Expense)	(1,666,551)
Change in Net Position	3,402,453
Net Position, beginning of year	138,184,674
Net Position, end of year	<u>\$ 141,587,127</u>

Statement of Cash Flow Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Receipts from customers	\$ 1,172,253
Receipts from Member and Contractual Towns	14,391,715
Payments to suppliers	(9,805,956)
Payments to employees	(4,721,608)
Net cash provided by operating activities	1,036,404
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities	
Principal paid on Clean Water Fund debt	(2,466,662)
Cash proceed on Bond Payable	(1,210,000)
Interest paid	(1,115,241)
Net Cash Used by Capital and Related Financing Activities	(4,791,903)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Investment Activity, net	1,770,293
Transfers	(571,544)
Net change in pension	380,648
Investment income / Late charges	20,234
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	1,599,631
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(2,155,868)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	16,281,551
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	14,125,683
Reconciliation to cash:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents per Above	14,125,683
Cash and Cash Equivalents Reported as Investments	12,470,382
Cash	\$ 1,655,301
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided	
(Used) by Operating Activities	<b>4.</b> 2.402.4 <b>7</b> 2
Operating income (loss)	\$ 3,402,453
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided (used) by operating activities:	171 460
Depreciation Expense Bond Premium	171,460
Transfers	(571,544)
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	(371,344)
Receivables	(58,649)
Inventories	(140,377)
Deferred outflows of resources	2,826,483
Deferred Revenue	(2,078,380)
Net pension liability	(2,445,835)
Payables and Accrued Liabilities	(69,207)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 1,036,404
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Capital Projects Fund Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

# **ASSETS**

CURRENT ASSETS	
Investments	\$ 64,209
Total Current Assets	64,209
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 64,209</u>
FUND BALANCE	
Assigned for capital projects	\$ 64,209
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 64,209

Capital Projects Fund

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year ended June 30, 2022

# **REVENUES**

Investment earnings Energy Performance Repayment	\$ 1,388 300,000
TOTAL REVENUES	301,388
EXPENDITURES	
Maintenance capital outlay	872,773
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	872,773
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures	(571,385)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	
Transfers in	571,544
Change in Fund Balance	159
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING OF YEAR	64,050
FUND BALANCE - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 64,209</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

#### NOTE 1 -ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## **History and Organization**

The Mattabassett District is a unique institution originally formed by the State Legislature in 1961 to provide wastewater treatment in a more efficient and cost-effective manner to its three constituent communities, New Britain, Berlin and Cromwell, than they could have independently, as well as adjoining communities in its watershed. Currently this includes portions of Farmington, Middletown, Newington, and Rocky Hill.

In addition to its headquarters and wastewater treatment facility located at 245 Main Street in Cromwell, Connecticut, the District has an 8.5-mile trunk sewer, which collects all the communities' waste and transports it to the treatment facility; an ash landfill; and a state-of-the-art outfall and diffuser system in the Connecticut River.

The District's connection to the communities is the volunteer Board of Directors, appointed by the current four constituent towns served by the District: New Britain, Berlin, Cromwell, and Middletown. This 15-member Board meets monthly to provide guidance, oversight, and financial control to the operation. The Board has five standing committees (Finance, Engineering, Human Resource, Nominating and Property Management) that interact regularly with the management staff and report back to the full Board.

#### **Basis of Presentation**

Financial statement presentation follows the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") which is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental fund accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the District are described below:

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information on all the District's activities. The Mattabassett District is a business-type activity, which relies on member assessment fees and charges for services.

The Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment.

# Measurement Focus Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reported issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in the government-wide financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The District has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

Capital projects funds are utilized to provide for future capital projects.

The principal operating revenues of the District are assessments (user fees) to member towns, charges to contractual towns and charges for sludge, septage, liquid and grease disposal. Operating expenses for the District include the cost of operations, maintenance, utilities, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use unrestricted resources first then restricted resources as they are needed.

#### Governmental Fund Balance

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally
  imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling
  legislation.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District through formal vote of the District Electors and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the District Commissioners.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories.

## Assets, Liabilities and Net Position

#### Cash and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, money market accounts and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

The District's eligible investments are governed by State of Connecticut statutes which, in general, allow the District to invest in obligations of the United States of America, or United States government sponsored corporation, in shares or other interests in any custodial arrangement, pool, or no-load, openend management type investment company or investment trust (as defined), in obligations of any State or political subdivision, rated within the top two rating categories of any nationally recognized rating service, or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision rated within the top three ratings categories of any national recognized rating service.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. State Treasurers Investment Fund is an investment pool managed by the State of Connecticut, Office of the State Treasurer. Investments must be made in instruments authorized by Connecticut General Statute's 3-27c-3-27e. Investment guidelines are adopted by the State Treasurer. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

#### Accounts Receivables

Accounts receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible. The allowance percentage for June 30, 2022 was approximately two percent of outstanding receivable balances, calculated based upon prior collections.

### Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 for equipment, and an estimated useful life more than 2 year. Such assets are recorded at historical or estimated historical cost whether purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Equipment and vehicles of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Asset Type	<u>Years</u>
Equipment	5 - 20
Vehicles	10 - 18

The District has adopted the modified approach (an alternative to depreciation) for the wastewater treatment facility. Under this approach, the District implements a program to maintain assets at a certain level and, therefore, is not required to record depreciation expense. Details on the assets being accounted for under the modified approach can be found in the Required Supplementary Information.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

In order to utilize the modified approach, the District is required to:

- Maintain an asset management system that includes up-to-date inventory of eligible infrastructure assets.
- Perform condition assessments of eligible assets and summarize the results using a measurement scale.
- Estimate each year the annual amount to maintain and preserve the assets at the condition level established and disclosed by the District.
- Document that the assets are being preserved approximately at, or above, the established condition level.

#### Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows related to pension in the statement of net position. A deferred outflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period or periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports a deferred inflow of resources related to pensions. A deferred inflow of resources related to pension results from differences between expected and actual experience, changes in assumptions or other inputs. These amounts are deferred and included in pension expense in a systematic and rational manner over a period equal to the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with benefits through the pension plan (active employees and inactive employees).

## Compensated Absences

Employees of the District earn sick leave, which can accumulate, and vacation leave based on the provisions of negotiated contracts or other personnel policies.

Vacation leave vests with the employee, and sick time is payable only upon retirement up to specific limits.

#### *Inventory*

Inventory, which consists of supplies and materials, is valued at moving weighted average cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

#### Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified into the following categories:

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - This category represents the net assets that reflect capital assets net of only the debt applicable to the acquisition or construction of these assets. Debt issued for non-capital purposes is excluded

Restricted Net Position - This category represents the net position restricted by external parties (creditors, granters, contributors or laws and regulation). This amount is restricted for capital and nonrecurring expenses. The District had no restricted net position at June 30, 2022.

Unrestricted Net Position - This category represents the net position of the District, which is not restricted.

#### **Estimates**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities including disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities and reported revenues, expenses and expenditures during the fiscal year.

#### Subsequent Events Measurement Date

The District monitored and evaluated any subsequent events for footnote disclosures or adjustments required in its financial statements for fiscal year-ended June 30, 2022 through September 8, 2022, the date on which financial statements were available to be issued.

## **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

Deposits - Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. FDIC deposit insurance remains at \$250,000 per institution. As of June 30, 2022, \$13,123,370 of the District's bank balance of \$13,925,212 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 12,465,505
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging banks Trust	
department, not in District's name	 657,865
Total amount subject to custodial risk	\$ 13,123,370

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the District's investments consisted of the following types and maturities. Specific identification was used to determine the maturities.

	Investme			
			Ma	turities Less
Type of Investment	]	Fair Value	tł	nan 1 Year
Certificates of Deposit - Cash	\$	11,876,725	\$	11,876,725
Pooled Fixed Income		79,581		79,581
Money Market		578,283		578,283
		657,864		657,864
Total	\$	12,534,589	\$	12,534,589

Fair value of investments - The District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted prices; and

Level 3: Unobservable inputs

The District has no investments at year end subject to the levels described above.

Interest rate risk- The District does have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit risk - The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices due to credit risk other than state statutes governing investments in obligations of any state or political subdivision or in obligations of the State of Connecticut or political subdivision. The District's polled fixed income has a rating of AAA by Standard & Poor.

Custodial credit risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments presented above are not subject to custodial credit risk.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

## **NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS**

	Beginning Balance July 1, 2021	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance June 30, 2022
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:				
Land and Land Rights	\$ 100,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 100,000
Wastewater Treatment Facility	176,669,459	-	-	176,669,459
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	176,769,459			176,769,459
Capital Assets, being depreciated:	, ,			, ,
Equipment	1,785,686	22,338	-	1,808,024
Vehicles	465,499	64,816	<u> </u>	530,315
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	2,251,185	87,154	-	2,338,339
Total Capital Assets	179,020,644	87,154	-	179,107,798
Less: Accumulated Depreciation:				
Equipment	(1,026,354)	(134,822)	-	(1,161,176)
Vehicles	(268,577)	(36,638)		(305,215)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(1,294,931)	(171,460)		(1,466,391)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated – Net	956,254	(84,306)		871,948
Capital Assets – Net	\$ 177,725,713	\$ (84,306)	\$ -	\$ 177,641,407

# **NOTE 4 – COMPENSATED ABSENCES**

	lance at e 30, 2021	<u>Ir</u>	ncreases	D	<u>ecreases</u>	 lance at 30, 2022	_	Current Portion
Compensated Absences	\$ 514,974	\$	346,627	\$	406,340	\$ 455,261	\$	91,052

## **NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss including torts; theft of; damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees; natural disaster; and officer and director liability. The District generally obtains commercial insurance for these risks.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 6 - PENSION PLAN**

## Municipal Employees' Retirement Fund

#### Plan Description

All employees of the District participate in the Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS). MERS is a cost-sharing, multiple employer public employee retirement system (PERS) established by the State of Connecticut and administered by the State Retirement Commission to provide pension benefits for the employees of participating municipalities. MERS is a part of the State of Connecticut's financial reporting entity and is included in the State's financial reports as a Pension Trust Fund. The MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the State of Connecticut Retirement and Benefit Services Division, Office of the State Controller, 55 Elm Street, Hartford, CT 06106.

#### Plan Provisions

Plan provisions are set by statute of the State of Connecticut. MERS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. All normal or early retired members receive a cost-of-living increase adjustment effective July 1<sup>st</sup> of each year ranging from 2.5% to 6%. Annual cost of living increases between 3% and 5% are paid to disabled members. All benefits vest after 5 years of continuous service. Members who retire after age 55 with 5 years of continuous service or after 25 years of service, irrespective of age, are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life.

The pension amount paid to employees is based on the following:

2% of the average of earnings for the 3 highest paid years of service multiplied by length of service.

## Funding Policy

Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute 6% of earnings on which no Social Security tax is paid. Each participating municipality is required to contribute the amounts necessary to finance the remaining costs of plan.

The required contributions for the past 3 years were as follows:

Year Ending June	30,	
2022	\$	483,578
2021	\$	433,562
2020	\$	339 106

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

At June 30, 2022, the District has a recorded liability of \$3,903,760 for their proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability for the plan in total was measured as of June 30, 2021 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the total net pension liability was based on the ratio of 2021 reported payroll of \$2,979,390 relative to the total reported payroll applicable to our specific type of employees of \$142,987,625 from all participating employers. At June 30, 2022, the District's proportionate share was 2.08367%.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized a pension expense of \$967,864, their proportionate share of the total pension expense.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources from the following sources related to MERS pension benefits:

	Defe	red	D	eferred
	Outflov	ws of	In	flows of
	Resou	rces	Re	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		-		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings	1,039	9,505		1,894,500
District contributions subsequent to measurement date				_
Total	\$ 1,039	9 <u>,505</u>	\$	<u>1,894,500</u>

The \$1,039,505 reported as deferred outflows of resources and the \$1,894,500 reported as deferred inflows of resources to pensions resulting from differences between projected and actual earnings will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the years ended June 30, 2023 through 2026.

	Ne	et Pension
	ſ	expense
	<u>(r</u>	reduction)
Year Ending June 30,		
2022	\$	358,081
2023		(297,693)
2024		(383,262)
2025		(532,122)
Total	<u>\$</u>	(854,996)

Actuarial valuation of MERS involves estimates of the reported amount and assumptions about profitability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment mortality and future salary increases. Amounts determined regarding the net pension liability are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

estimates are made about the future. The last experience study was conducted in 2020.

Significant actuarial assumptions and other inputs used to measure the total pension liability:

Measurement date June 30, 2021 Valuation Date June 30, 2021

Expected Return on Investments Inflation 7.00%, net of investment expense

Inflation 2.50

Future Salary Increases Cost-of-Living Increases 3.50%-10.00%, depending on service, including

inflation 2.50%-6.00%

Cost-of-Living Increases Mortality Assumptions

Annuitants and Non-Annuitants

For the period after retirement and for dependent beneficiaries, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 Combined Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for General Employees and the RP-2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table adjusted to 2006 and projected to 2015 with Scale MP-2017 and projected to 2022 with Scale BB for Police and Fire. For disabled retirees, the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table projected with Scale BB to 2020 was used. The static projection produces sufficient margin in the mortality rates to reflect future improvement in our judgement.

Fiduciary Net Position MERS issues a publicly available financial report

that can be obtained at

www.osc.ct.gov/rbsd/cmers/plandoc/index.html

### Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a long-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimated ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation and most recent best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

> MERS Long-Term Expected Real Rate

Asset Class	MERS Target Allocation	of Return
Domestic equity	20%	5.30%
Developed Market International	11%	5.10%
Emerging Market International	9%	7.40%
Core fixed income	16%	1.60%
Inflation linked bond	5%	1.30%
Emerging market debt	5%	2.90%
High yield bonds	6%	3.40%
Real estate	10%	4.70%
Private equity	10%	7.30%
Alternative investments	7%	3.20%
Liquidity fund	<u>1%</u>	0.90%
	<u>100%</u>	

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at the actuarially determined rates in future years. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected 'rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Discount Rate Sensitivity

The sensitivity of the district's net pension liability to changes in the discount rate is presented below. The District's net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate of 7.0% is presented as well as the net pension liability using a discount rate that is 1.00% lower (6.0%) or 1.0% higher (8.0%) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate							
	Current						
	1% Decrease	1% Decrease Discount Rate					
Plan Total Pension Liability (Asset)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)				
Proportionate share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 6,560,077	\$ 3,903,755	\$ 1,551,467				

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

#### **NOTE 7 - GRANTS AND LOANS**

The Mattabassett District received funding for the detailed design of the Nitrogen Removal Upgrade and related improvement to the existing wastewater treatment facility. Construction of this upgrade to the facility will allow "The District" to comply with EPA/DEEP 2014 Long Island Sound Nitrogen Removal Standards. Phase One (Engineering Design) was completed in August 2011. Phase Two (Construction) was started in 2012 and was substantially complete by June 30, 2015. Total project costs, construction, engineering oversight, inspection, and legal were \$106,054,856 through the year ended June 30, 2022. \$24,270,322 of the project was funded by a Clean Water Fund Grant, and \$79,950,607 was covered by two Clean Water Fund Loans at 2% over 20 years. \$1,833,927 was paid for out of the District's reserves.

Due to the low interest rate environment, The Mattabassett District issued public revenue bonds through Baird to refinance a portion of its loan to realize debt service savings in June 2021. The par amount of bond is \$18,205,000 with issue premium of \$3,545,437 and it matures in August 2033. \$21,500,000 of the funding was used to pay portion of Clean Water Fund loan, and the bond issuance, bond insurance policy and underwriter's fee were \$247,207.

The composition of the two loans and bond payable as of June 30, 2022 is as follows:

					]	Long Term	
	T	Total Loan		Current Portion		Portion	
DEEP Clean Water Fund, Project 567-D							
2% loan maturing in December of 2030,							
payable in monthly principal payments of							
\$14,487 plus related interest.	\$	1,477,702	\$	173,847	\$	1,303,855	
DEEP Clean Water Fund, Project 567-C							
2% loan maturing in July of 2034,							
payable in monthly principal payments of							
\$191,067.89 plus related interest.	\$	27,704,844	\$	2,292,815	\$	25,412,029	
Bond Payable to Robert W. Baird & Co. Inc							
Par value of \$18,205,000, plus an aggregate							
net premium of \$3,545,437 at 5% coupon rate							
until August of 2030, then at 4% until maturing							
in August of 2033.	\$	16,710,000	\$	1,210,000	\$	15,500,000	
	\$	45,892,546	\$	3,676,662	\$	42,215,884	

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Year ended June 30, 2022

The future minimum payments based on the outstanding balances as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>		Interest	Total
2023	\$	3,676,662	\$ 1,319,790	\$ 4,996,452
2024-2028		18,848,310	4,909,576	23,757,886
2029-2033		19,303,692	1,979,298	21,282,990
2034-2035		4,063,882	 60,579	 4,124,460
Totals	\$	45,892,546	\$ 8,269,242	\$ 54,161,788

The District does not exceed the legal debt limitations as required by Connecticut general statutes.



Required Supplementary Information Assets Using the Modified Approach Wastewater Treatment Plant and Collection System

The District manages its wastewater treatment facility, trunk sewer and outfall systems using Dude Solutions, the District's Computerized Maintenance Management System ("CMMS").

The condition rating is based upon the manufacturer's recommended life expectancy versus age of equipment, hours of operation, visual observations, and repair frequency. The trunk sewer and outfall are considered deficient when they no longer can, respectfully, carry the required raw wastewater and treated effluent. The wastewater treatment facility is considered in need of upgrade when its current technology becomes outdated, its capacity needs to be increased to accommodate increased wastewater flows from its served communities, and/or the Connecticut Department of Energy & Environmental Protection directs it to provide a higher level of treatment (i.e., provide nitrogen removal treatment to protect Long Island Sound).

It is the District's policy to maintain the wastewater treatment facility's equipment, trunk sewer, and outfall at good or better condition. The most recent condition assessments show that the condition of the wastewater treatment facility, trunk sewer, and outfall systems follows the District's policy.

# CONDITION ASSESSMENT FOR SEWER TREATMENT SYSTEM PERCENTAGE OF SEWER TREATMENT SYSTEM IN GOOD OR BETTER CONDITION

Equipment Type	2022	2021	2020	2019
Plant Equipment	98%	97%	97%	98%
Trunk Sewer and Outfall	90%	91%	91%	92%

# PERCENTAGE OF SEWER TREATMENT SYSTEM IN SUB-STANDARD CONDITION

Equipment Type	2022	2021	2020	2019
Plant Equipment Trunk Sewer and Outfall	2%	2%	3%	2%
	10%	9%	9%	8%

#### COMPARISON OF ESTIMATED-TO-ACTUAL

	2022		2021		2020		2019	
Estimated	\$	951,000	\$	661,000	\$	575,000	\$	576,263
Actual	\$	527,098	\$	521,213	\$	449,135	\$	673,313

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Original and			Variance with		
	Fir	nal Budget		Actual		Budget
Administrative Expenditures:						
Insurance	\$	142,600	\$	139,410	\$	(3,190)
Engineering		193,000		178,609		(14,391)
Legal		87,000		77,811		(9,189)
Accounting		24,000		21,780		(2,220)
Training		49,500		46,099		(3,401)
Board		27,250		23,999		(3,251)
Legislative Payment - Cromwell		100,000		100,000		-
Business Services		148,000		126,104		(21,896)
Permit Fees		25,500		21,482		(4,018)
Office Supplies		21,000		20,530		(470)
Transfer to Towns		15,000		14,037		(963)
Miscellaneous		17,200		17,643		443
Total Administrative Expenditures		850,050		787,504		(62,546)
Employee Expenditures:						
Salaries & Wages		3,049,308		2,913,486		(135,822)
Overtime & Meals		99,818		105,483		5,665
Shift Differential		43,206		34,220		(8,986)
Workers' Comp		65,000		51,543		(13,457)
Medical & Dental, etc.		597,624		564,941		(32,683)
Life		16,000		12,766		(3,234)
Unemployment		8,000		_		(8,000)
Retirement Benefits		673,697		1,014,462		340,765
Miscellaneous Employee Benefits		35,620		31,151		(4,469)
Total Employee Expenditures		4,588,273		4,728,052		139,779
DEPARTMENT EXPENDITURES						
Operations Department:						
Operations Supplies		33,000		25,871		(7,129)
Cleaning Supplies		25,000		21,355		(3,645)
Chemicals		541,500		533,592		(7,908)
Electricity		1,630,000		1,617,912		(12,088)
Repay Energy Performance		300,000		300,000		-
Fuel: Natural Gas & Oil		190,000		187,800		(2,200)
Gasoline & Diesel		11,500		11,115		(385)
Potable Water		65,200		63,992		(1,208)
Sludge Disposal		31,500		19,669		(11,831)
Ash Handling		343,904		232,676		(111,228)
Total Operations Department	\$	3,171,604	\$	3,013,982	\$	(157,622)

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Expenditures – Budget to Actual
For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	C	riginal and		Va	riance with	
	Fi	nal Budget	Actual	Budget		
Maintenance Department:						
Plant Maintenance Supplies	\$	342,500	195,103	\$	(147,397)	
Lubricants		35,000	30,253		(4,747)	
Plant Maintenance Services		264,000	131,548		(132,452)	
Buildings & Grounds		309,500	 170,194		(139,306)	
Total Maintenance Department		951,000	 527,098		(423,902)	
Laboratory Department:						
Laboratory Supplies		36,000	34,204		(1,796)	
Laboratory Services		30,000	 24,609		(5,391)	
Total Laboratory Department		66,000	 58,813		(7,187)	
Debt Payment:						
Debt Payment		5,122,257	 5,076,903		(45,354)	
Contingencies:						
Contingencies		120,000	 <u>-</u>		(120,000)	
Capital Expenditures:						
Capital Outlay, General, Solids, Incinerator		1,449,195	1,422,104		(27,091)	
Nitrogen Upgrade and Facility		_	 _			
Total Capital Expenditures	-	1,449,195	 1,422,104		(27,091)	
Total Expenditures	\$	16,318,379	\$ 15,614,456	\$	(703,923)	
Reconciliation to Audited Financial Statements:						
Total Expenditures per Above			\$ 15,614,456			
Depreciation Expense			171,460			
Reclass of Debt Payment to Notes Payable Principal			(3,961,663)			
Reclass of Debt Interest Expense			 (1,115,241)			
Total Operating Expenses Per Financial Statement	June	30, 2022	\$ 10,709,012			

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2022

							Fiduciary Net
		F	Proportionate			Net Pension	Position as a
	Proportion of the	Sha	are of the Net			Liability as a	Percentage of
	Net Pension	Pe	nsion Liability	Ac	ctual Covered	Percentage of	<b>Total Pension</b>
Year Ended	Liability (Asset)		(Asset) Member Payroll Covered Payrol		Covered Payroll	Liability	
6/30/2022	2.08%	\$	3,903,755	\$	2,979,390	131.03%	82.59%
6/30/2021	2.13%		6,349,590		2,855,706	222.35%	71.18%
6/30/2020	2.09%		5,555,576		2,826,572	196.55%	72.69%
6/30/2019	1.99%		4,652,762		2,806,831	165.77%	73.60%
6/30/2018	1.95%		2,329,159		2,510,447	92.78%	91.68%
6/30/2017	1.95%		2,840,723		2,510,447	113.16%	88.29%
6/30/2016	1.57%		1,718,155		1,993,031	86.21%	86.21%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

	Statutorily					Contributions as a
	Required	Act	ual Employer	Contribution	Actuarial Covered	Percentage of
Year Ended	Contribution	C	ontribution	Excess/Deficiency	Member Payroll	Covered Payroll
6/30/2022	\$ 483,578	\$	587,216	(103,638)	2,979,390	19.71%
6/30/2021	433,562		496,994	(63,432)	2,855,706	17.40%
6/30/2020	339,106		426,067	(86,961)	2,826,572	15.07%
6/30/2019	326,969		347,803	(20,834)	2,806,831	12.39%
6/30/2018	273,890		343,190	(69,300)	2,510,447	13.67%
6/30/2017	273,890		286,457	(12,567)	2,510,447	11.41%
6/30/2016	269,470		269,470	-	1,993,031	13.52%

Note: This schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.